# CLASS:--12<sup>TH</sup>, HISTORY, QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS

# Question 11.

Who was called Dikus?

Answer:

Moneylenders were called Dikus.

#### Ouestion 12.

Who was David Ricardo?

Answer:

He was an Economist who gave certain ideas to the British government about land rent.

# Question 13.

When was Cotton Supply Association founded?

Answer:

In 1857 A.D.

# **Question 14.**

What was the objective of the Cotton Supply Association?

Answer:

To encourage cotton production in every part of the world.

# **Question 15.**

Why were the estates of the Zamindars auctioned in the colonial Bengal?

Why were many Zamindars .auctioned after the permanent settlement in Bengal? Give two reasons.

Answer:

- 1. Sometimes the big Zamindars were unable to pay the revenue. The amount of unpaid revenue went on accumulating year after year.
- 2. So the government often auctioned the estates of those Zamindars who failed to pay the due revenue

## Question 16.

When was the Fifth Report submitted to the British Parliament? What was its objective?

Answer:

The Fifth Report was submitted to the British Parliament in 1813. It was about the administration and activities of the East India Company in India and proved helpful in regulating and controlling their rule.

# **Ouestion 17.**

# What was the Sunset Law of revenue?

#### Answer:

According to Permanent Settlement of Land, it was necessary for the Zamindars to pay the revenue punctually. But according to Sunset Law, if any Zamindar was unable to pay the revenue by sunset of the specified date, then the Zamindari was bound to be auctioned by the government to recover the dues.

# **Question 18.**

Why the Jotedars were more powerful in villages than that of the Zamindars? Give two reasons.

# **Answer:**

- 1. The Zamindars lived in urban areas and Jotedars were located in villages with poor villagers. They had direct control over a large section of villagers.
- 2. Jordans were often amongst the purchasers in the case of auction of the Zamindaris.

## Question 19.

Why ryots (peasants) remained loyal to the former zamindar instead of the new Zamindars? Give two reasons.

## Answer:

- 1. The ryots considered themselves bound to the former Zamindar through a sense of loyalty and saw the former Zamindar as a figure of authority.
- 2. The sale of Zamindari disturbed their pride and their sense of identity.

# **Question 20.**

Which two factors helped the Zamindars to consolidate their power at the beginning of the 19th century?

# Answer:

- At the beginning of the 19th century, the depression in prices remained no more and the prices of agriculture produce became high.
- The government made rules of revenue payments flexible which helped the Zamindars to consolidate their power.
  - Question 21.
    When Cotton Supply Association and the Manchester Cotton Company were founded in Britain? What was their objective? Answer:
- Cotton Supply Association in Britain, was founded in 1857 and Manchester Cotton Company was formed in 1859.

Their objective was to encourage the production of cotton in every part of the world so that their Company could grow.